

Place Value and Basic Addition/Subtraction Vocabulary

addends - numbers to be added

difference - the answer to a subtraction problem.

doubles - when both addends are the same number.

equation - a number sentence with an equal sign - ex. $5 \times 4 = 20$

even numbers - a whole number that has 0, 2, 4, 6, or 8 in the one's place.

expanded form - a way of writing a number to show the value of each digit in a number. - ex. $2000 + 300 + 20 + 5 = 2325$

fact family - a set of related addition and subtraction (or multiplication and division) numbersentences.
- ex. $2+4=6$, $4+2=6$, $6-4=2$, $6-2=4$

odd Numbers - a whole number that has 1, 3, 5, 7, or 9 in the ones place.

regroup - to exchange amounts of equal value to rename a number
- ex. $23 = 2 \text{ tens } 3 \text{ ones}$ or $1 \text{ ten } 13 \text{ ones}$

rounding - finding a number that is closer in tens, hundred, thousands, (and so forth) to a given number on a number line.

standard form - a way to write numbers by using the digits 0-9, with each digit having a place value - ex. 24,594

sum - the answer to an addition problem.

written form - a way to write numbers by spelling out the words
- ex. ten thousand